



Native Plants you need to grow in Perth

SWAN COSTAL AREA:

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January:

Xanthorrhoea preissii (Balga or Black Boy) - This iconic native plant with a grass tree-like appearance thrives in the coastal plain region.

Thysanotus tuberosus (Common Fringe Lily) - With delicate lilac or blue flowers, it adds beauty to coastal areas in summer.

Grevillea vestita ssp. *inermis* (Pink Grevillea) - With pink flowers, this *Grevillea* species adapts well to coastal sandy soils.

Gastrolobium bilobum (Butterfly Pea) - Known for its unique butterfly-shaped yellow and red flowers, it suits coastal conditions.



February:

Xanthorrhoea preissii (Balga or Black Boy) - This iconic native plant with a grass tree-like appearance thrives in the coastal plain region.

Banksia littoralis (Swamp Banksia) - As the name suggests, this banksia species is well-adapted to coastal plain and swampy conditions.

Chorizema cordatum (Heart-leaf Flame Pea) - With heart-shaped leaves and orange flowers, it thrives in coastal sandy soils.

Adenanthos cuneatus (Coastal Jugflower) - A hardy shrub with red flowers that suits the coastal plain region.



March:

Hibbertia hypericoides (Buttercup Flower) - This low-growing ground cover with bright yellow flowers is well-suited for coastal sandy soils.

Melaleuca huegelii (Chenille Honey Myrtle) - A shrub with stunning pink, "chenille"-like flowers that thrives in coastal conditions.

Lambertia uniflora (Mountain Devil) - Known for its striking red, beak-like flowers, providing nectar for native wildlife in coastal areas.

Xylomelum angustifolium (Sandalwood Plum) - With creamy flowers and edible fruits, it suits the coastal plain region.



April:

Banksia ashbyi (Ashby's Banksia) - Known for its silvery underside leaves and yellow flower spikes, it thrives in coastal sandy soils.

Grevillea rosmarinifolia (Rosemary Grevillea) - A versatile shrub with red or pink flowers that adapts well to coastal conditions.

Verticordia chrysantha (Golden Featherflower) - A shrub with bright yellow feathery flowers, perfect for coastal sandy soils.

Calytrix exstipulata (Swan River Myrtle) - A small shrub with pink or purple star-shaped flowers, well-suited for the coastal plain region.



May:

Conostylis aculeata (Spine-headed Conostylis) - A small plant with yellow flowers, well-adapted to sandy coastal conditions.

Banksia coccinea (Scarlet Banksia) - This eye-catching shrub with red flower spikes thrives in sandy coastal soils.

Gastrolobium bilobum (Butterfly Pea) - With its unique butterfly-shaped yellow and red flowers, it continues to add beauty to coastal gardens.

Leucopogon spectabilis (Showy Beard Heath) - With pink or white flowers, it adds charm to sandy soils in coastal areas.



June:

Hibbertia hypericoides (Buttercup Flower) - This low-growing ground cover with bright yellow flowers is well-suited for sandy coastal soils.

Calothamnus sanguineus (Claret Tops) - This stunning shrub produces red flowers resembling claret wine, ideal for sandy coastal soils.

Gastrolobium brachysema (Variable Poison) - With colorful flowers ranging from orange to red, it thrives in sandy coastal soils.

Tetratheca thymifolia (Thyme-leaved Tetratheca) - A small plant with pink or purple flowers that continues to charm in coastal gardens.



July:

Banksia prionotes (Acorn Banksia) - This small tree with golden flower spikes is well-adapted to sandy coastal soils.

Verticordia grandis (Giant Featherflower) - This shrub thrives in sandy coastal soils and has large feathery pink flowers that attract native birds.

Gastrolobium celsianum (Heart-leaf Poison) - With attractive heart-shaped leaves and red and yellow pea-like flowers, it does well in coastal sandy soils.

Thysanotus tuberosus (Common Fringe Lily) - With delicate lilac or blue flowers, it adds beauty to sandy soils along the coast.



August:

Verticordia helichrysantha (Golden Featherflower) - A shrub with golden-yellow flowers that continues to charm in sandy coastal soils.

Banksia littoralis (Swamp Banksia) - As a year-round plant, it adapts well to coastal plain and swampy conditions.

Verticordia etheliana (Ethel's Featherflower) - A small shrub with delicate pink flowers, suitable for sandy coastal soils.

Tetratheca thymifolia (Thyme-leaved Tetratheca) - With pink or purple flowers, it continues to add beauty to coastal gardens.



September:

Melaleuca huegelii
(Chenille Honey Myrtle) - A shrub with stunning pink, "chenille"-like flowers that thrives in coastal conditions.

Lambertia uniflora
(Mountain Devil) - Known for its striking red, beak-like flowers, providing nectar for native wildlife in coastal areas.

Dryandra formosa
(Showy Dryandra) - With orange flowers, it prefers sandy coastal soils and attracts native birds.

Hibbertia hypericoides
(Buttercup Flower) - This low-growing ground cover with bright yellow flowers is well-suited for sandy coastal soils.



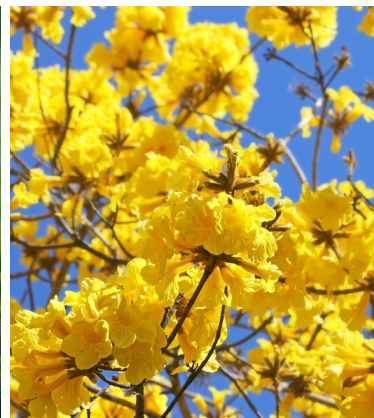
October:

Banksia ashbyi
(Ashby's Banksia) - Known for its silvery underside leaves and yellow flower spikes, it thrives in coastal sandy soils.

Grevillea rosmarinifolia
(Rosemary Grevillea) - A versatile shrub with red or pink flowers that adapts well to coastal conditions.

Verticordia chrysantha (Golden Featherflower) - A shrub with bright yellow feathery flowers, perfect for sandy coastal soils.

Hemiandra pungens
(Snake Bush) - This dense shrub displays pink or purple flowers and prefers sandy coastal soils.



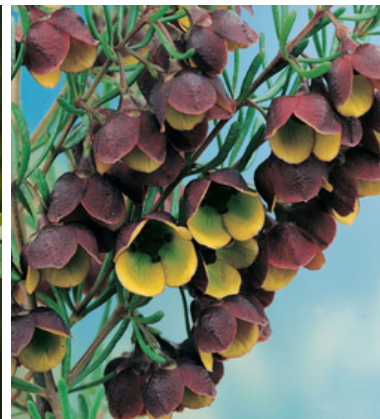
November:

Conostylis setigera (Bristle Conostylis) - With yellow flowers, this plant continues to add charm to coastal gardens.

Calothamnus sanguineus (Claret Tops) - This stunning shrub produces red flowers resembling claret wine, ideal for sandy coastal soils.

Gastrolobium bilobum (Butterfly Pea) - With its unique butterfly-shaped yellow and red flowers, it adds beauty to coastal gardens.

Boronia granitica (Brown Boronia) - With fragrant brown flowers, it does well in sandy coastal soils.



December:

Gastrolobium celsianum (Heart-leaf Poison) - With attractive heart-shaped leaves and red and yellow pea-like flowers, it thrives in sandy coastal soils.

Banksia prionotes (Acorn Banksia) - This small tree with golden flower spikes is well-adapted to sandy coastal soils.

Thryptomene calycina (Grampians Thryptomene) - A delicate shrub with tiny pink or white flowers, well-suited for sandy coastal soils.

Tuckerbush Edible Natives: *Haemodorum spicatum* (Bloodroot) - This herb produces edible tubers and thrives in sandy coastal soils.

